

For more Information Call: 1-800-537-3407

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Product:MASCO CURE & SEAL 1315Revision Date:9/3/2015

Manufacturer:

Masons Supply Company (MASCO) 2637 SE 12th Avenue Portland, OR 97202 TEL (503) 234-4321 FAX (503 234-5606

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

Clear. Liquid. May cause moderate irritation to the respiratory system. May cause nausea, headaches, and dizziness. May cause drowsiness, weakness, and fatigue. Move to fresh air. If required, artificial respiration or administration of oxygen can be performed by trained personnel. Leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further overexposure. If symptoms persist, get medical attention.

Acute Potential Health Effects/ Routes of Entry

Inhalation	 May cause moderate irritation to the respiratory system. May cause nausea, headaches, and dizziness. May cause drowsiness, weakness, and fatigue.
Eyes	: Vapor and/or mist may cause eye irritation. Direct contact may cause temporary redness and discomfort.
Ingestion	 May cause irritation to the mouth, throat and stomach. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, and vomiting.
Skin	: May cause moderate irritation.

Aggravated Medical Conditions

Pre-existing eye, skin, liver, kidney, and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure.

Chronic Health Effects

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents may be harmful or fatal. Prolonged or repeated exposure to xylene may cause defatting, drying, and irritation of the skin, dermatitis, central nervous system (CNS) effects, heart muscle sensitization and arrhythmia, hearing loss, and brain, liver, kidney damage. Xylene overexposure may affect fetal development. Prolonged or repeated contact/exposure to aromatic petroleum distillates may cause defatting, drying, and irritation of the skin, dermatitis, and central nervous system (CNS) effects. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has evaluated ethylbenzene and classified it as a possible human carcinogen (Group 2B) based on sufficient evidence for carcinogenicity in experimental animals, but inadequate evidence for cancer in exposed humans. Styrene was reported to cause liver and kidney damage in experimental animals at high levels of exposure. Fillers are encapsulated and not expected to be released from product under normal conditions of use. **Target Organs:** Skin, Eye, Lung, Liver, Kidney, Nerve, Reproductive



SECTION 3 - PRODUCT COMPOSITION

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight %	
Aromatic petroleum distillates	64742-95-6	40.0 - 70.0	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	15.0 - 40.0	
Styrene Ethylhexyl Acrylate Copolymer	NJ TSRN# 51721300-5841P	15.0 - 40.0	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	5.0 - 10.0	
Diethylbenzene, Mixed Isomers	25340-17-4	1.0 - 5.0	
Cumene	98-82-8	1.0 - 5.0	
Bis (2-propylheptyl) phthalate	53306-54-0	1.0 - 5.0	
Xylene	1330-20-7	1.0 - 5.0	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 1.0	
Styrene	100-42-5	0.1 - 1.0	

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

Get immediate medical attention for any significant overexposure.

Inhalation	Move to fresh air. If required, artificial respiration or administration of oxygen can be performed by trained personnel.Leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further overexposure. If symptoms persist, get medical attention.
Eye contact	Flush with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eye lids apart. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	Wash area of contact thoroughly with hand cleaner followed by soap and water. If irritation, rash or other disorders develop, get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting unless advised by a physician. Call nearest Poison Control Center or Physician immediately.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash point Method	:	114 °F, 46 °C Setaflash Closed Cup
Lower explosion limit	:	1.00 %(V) Solvent
Upper explosion limit	:	7 %(V) Solvent
Autoignition temperature	:	Not available.
Extinguishing media	:	If water fog is ineffective, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Smoke, fumes.Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide can form.Nitrogen oxides can form.
Protective equipment for firefighters	:	Use accepted fire fighting techniques. Wear full firefighting protective clothing, including self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).Water may be used to cool containers to minimize pressure build-up.



Fire and explosion conditions

: Vapor concentrations in enclosed areas may ignite explosively.Product may ignite if heated in excess of its flash point.Vapors may travel to sources of ignition and flashback.Closed container, may burst when exposed to extreme heat.Empty containers may contain ignitable vapors.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Use appropriate protective equipment. Avoid contact with material. Remove sources of ignition immediately. Stop flow of material if safe to do so. Contain spill and keep out of water courses. Ventilate area.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Prevent inhalation of vapor, ingestion, and contact with skin eyes and clothing. Keep container closed when not in use. Precautions also apply to emptied containers. To prevent generation of static discharges, use bonding/grounding connection when pouring liquid. Extinguish all ignition sources including pilot lights, non-explosion proof motors and electrical equipment until vapors dissipate. Personal protective equipment must be worn during maintenance or repair of contaminated mixer, reactor, or other equipment. Keep container closed when not in use. Vapor may migrate to sources of ignition. Do not smoke, weld, generate sparks, or use flame near container. Store in sealed containers in a cool, dry, ventilated warehouse location.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protection equipment							
Respiratory protection	: Wear appropriate, properly fitted NIOSH/MSHA approved organic vapor or supplied air respirator when airborne contaminant level(s) are expected to exceed exposure limits indicated on the MSDS. Follow manufacturer's directions for respirator use.						
Hand protection	: Use suitable impervious nitrile or neoprene gloves and protective apparel to reduce exposure.	0					
Eye protection	: Wear appropriate eye protection.Wear chemical safety goggles and/or face shield to prevent eye contact. Do not wear contact lenses. Do not touch ey with contaminated body parts or materials. Have eye washing facilities read available.	/es					
Protective measures	: Use professional judgment in the selection, care, and use. Inspect and repla equipment at regular intervals.	ace					
Engineering measures	: Use only in well ventilated areas. Provide maximum ventilation in enclosed areas.Use local exhaust when the general ventilation is inadequate.	ł					

Exposure Limits

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Regulation	<u>Limit</u>	<u>Form</u>
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	ACGIH TWA:	25 ppm	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	ACGIH TWA:	25 ppm	
Cumene	98-82-8	ACGIH TWA:	50 ppm	



<u>Chemical Name</u>	CAS Number	Regulation	<u>Limit</u>	<u>Form</u>			
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ACGIH TWA:	100 ppm				
		ACGIH STEL:	125 ppm				
Styrene	100-42-5	ACGIH TWA:	20 ppm				
		ACGIH STEL:	40 ppm				
		OSHA TWA:	100 ppm				
CTION 9 - PHYSICAL	AND CHEMICA	L PROPERTIES	b				
Form	: Liquid						
Color	: Clear						
Odor	: Aromatic S	olvent					
рН	: Not availab	: Not available.					
Vapour pressure	: 9.5 hPa at 1	: 9.5 hPa at 70 °F					
Vapor density	: Heavier that	: Heavier than air					
Melting point/range	: Not availab	: Not available.					
Freezing point	: Not availab	le.					
Boiling point/range	: 320 - 335 °	F, 160 - 168 °C					
Water solubility	: Negligible						
Specific Gravity	: 0.895						
% Volatile Weight	: 79.5 %						
CTION 10 - REACTIVI	TY / STABILITY	,					
Substances to avoid	: Oxidizing a	gents.Strong acids.	Strong bases.				
Stability	: Stable und	er normal conditions e sources.	s. Avoid welding	arcs, flames or other higl			

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Aromatic petroleum distillates, CAS-No.: 6 Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral)	11,400 mg/kg (Rat)14,063 mg/kg (Rat)5,390 mg/kg (
	Rat) 4,820 mg/kg (Rat) 6,620 mg/kg (Rat) 5,800 mg/kg (Rat) > 6,000 mg/kg (Rat) > 5,570 mg/kg (Rat) > 7,000 mg/kg (Rat) > 4,800 mg/kg (Rat) > 4,500 mg/kg (Rat) > 5,200 mg/kg (Rat) > 5,000 mg/kg (Rat)



Acute inhalation toxicity (LC-50) Acute dermal toxicity (LD-50 dermal)	> 5,220 mg/m3 for 4 h (Rat) > 4,420 mg/m3 for 4 h (Rat) > 7,630 mg/m3 (Rat) > 4.96 mg/l for 4 h (Rat) > 5,080 mg/m3 for 4 h (Rat) > 5,050 mg/m3 for 4 h (Rat) > 4,980 mg/m3 (Rat) > 5,040 mg/m3 for 4 h (Rat) > 5,610 mg/m3 (Rat) > 5,1 mg/l for 4 h (Rat) > 5,250 mg/m3 for 4 h (Rat) > 5,830 mg/m3 for 4 h (Rat) > 5,250 mg/m3 for 4 h (Rat) > 5,830 mg/m3 for 4 h (Rat) > 5,200 mg/m3 (Rat) 2,400 mg/m3 for 30 min (Human) > 5,200 mg/m3 for 4 h (Rat) 4,320 mg/m3 for 1 h (Human) > 5,300 mg/m3 (Rat) > 5,280 mg/m3 for 4 h (Rat) > 8,530 mg/m3 for 4 h (Rat) 2,400 mg/m3 for 1 h (Human) 960 mg/m3 for 30 min (Human) > 5,300 mg/m3 for 4 h (Rat) 2,400 mg/m3 for 1 h (Human) 960 mg/m3 for 30 min (Human) >= 5,060 mg/m3 for 4 h (Rat) > 5 mg/l for 4 h (Rat) > 5,366 mg/l (Rat) > 5,170 mg/m3 for 4 h (Rat) > 5,020 mg/m3 (Rat) > 4,980 mg/m3 for 4 h (Rat) > 5,000 mg/m3 for 4 h (Rat) > 5,020 mg/m3 (Rat) > 7,300 mg/m3 (Rat) > 5,070 mg/m3 (Rat) > 3,000 mg/kg (Rabbit) > 2,000 mg/kg (Rabbit) > 3,750 mg/kg (Rabbit) > 3,000 mg/kg (Rabbit) > 3,750 mg/kg (Rabbit) > 3,000 mg/kg (Rabbit
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene, CAS-No.: 95-63-6	
Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral)	3,550 mg/kg (Rat) 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) 3,280 mg/kg (Rat) 6,000 mg/kg (Rat) 8,970 mg/kg (Rat) 6,880 mg/kg (Rat) 3,440 mg/kg (Rat)
Acute inhalation toxicity (LC-50)	18,000 mg/m3 for 4 h (Rat) for 12 h (Mouse, Rat) for 4 h (Rat) for 6 min (Mouse) 10,200 mg/m3 for 4 h (Rat) for 4 h (Rat)
Acute dermal toxicity (LD-50 dermal)	3,440 mg/kg (Rat)
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene, CAS-No.: 108-67-8	
Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral)	6,000 mg/kg (Rat) 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) 3,280 mg/kg (Rat) 8,970 mg/kg (Rat) 3,550 mg/kg (Rat) 6,880 mg/kg (Rat)
Acute inhalation toxicity (LC-50)	3,440 mg/kg (Rat) 24,000 mg/m3 for 4 h (Rat)10,200 mg/m3 for 4 h (Rat) for 6 min (Mouse)
Diethylbenzene, Mixed Isomers, CAS-No.: 2	
Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral)	2,520 - 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) > 2,000 mg/kg (Rat) > 2,000 mg/kg (Rat)
Acute dermal toxicity (LD-50 dermal)	> 5,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)
Cumene, CAS-No.: 98-82-8 Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral)	2,910 mg/kg (Rat)1,400 mg/kg (Rat)2,700 mg/kg (Rat) 5,000 mg/kg (Rat)2,260 mg/kg (Rat)2,910 mg/kg (Rat) 1,400 mg/kg (Rat)4,000 mg/kg (Rat)



2,000 mg/l for 7 h (Mouse) 8,000 mg/l for 4 h (Rat) 24.7 mg/l for 2 h (Mouse) for 20 min (Mouse) 25 mg/l for 2 h (Mouse) 10 mg/l for 7 h (Mouse) for 1 h (Rat) for 6 h (Rat) for 7 h (Mouse) 22.1 mg/l for 1 h (Rat) 10 mg/l for 7 h (Mouse) 17.6 mg/l for 6 h (Rat) 39 mg/l for 4 h (Rat) for 4 h (Rat) 10,000 mg/kg (Rabbit) > 3,160 mg/kg (Rabbit) 10,600 mg/kg (Rabbit)
306-54-0 > 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) > 20.5 mg/l (Rat)> 5 mg/l (Rat) > 2,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)
4,300 mg/kg (Rat) 5,627 mg/kg (Mouse) 3,523 mg/kg (Rat) 5,251 mg/kg (Mouse) > 4,000 mg/kg (Rat) for 4 h (Rat) for 4 h (Rat) for 4 h (Rat) 9,480 mg/m3 (Mouse) 11,580 mg/m3 (Mouse) for 4 h (Rat) for 4 h (Rat) 12,126 mg/kg (Rabbit)
5,460 mg/kg (Rat)3,500 mg/kg (Rat)3.5 g/kg (Rat)5.46 g/kg (Rat)3,500 mg/kg (Rat) (Rat)35.5 mg/l (Mouse) (Mouse)55 mg/l (Rat) for 20 min (Mouse) (Rat) (Mouse) (Guinea pig) for 4 h (Rat) 17,800 mg/kg (Rabbit) > 20,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)
5,000 mg/kg (Rat)1,000 mg/kg (Rat)316 mg/kg (Mouse)8,000 mg/kg (Rat)1,600 mg/kg (Rat) > 6,000 mg/kg (Hamster, Syrian)800 mg/kg (Rat)5,000 mg/kg (Rat) 4,940 mg/l for 2 h (Mouse)2,770 mg/l for 4 h (Rat)24 mg/l for 4 h (Rat)9.3 mg/l (Rat)23.2 mg/l (Rat)11.8 mg/l for 4 h (Rat)>= 0.68 mg/l (Mouse)11.6 mg/l (Rat)11.8 mg/l for 4 h (Rat)>= 0.68 mg/l (Mouse)11.6 mg/l (Rat)>= 2.13 mg/l (Mouse)46.4 mg/l (Rat)6 - 6.3 mg/l (Rat)> 5.11 mg/l (Guinea pig)21 mg/l for 2 h (Mouse)1.06 mg/l (Mouse)11.6 mg/l (Rat)6 - 6.3 mg/l (Rat)46.4 mg/l (Rat) 9.3 mg/l (Rat)23.2 mg/l (Rat)> 2.13 mg/l (Mouse) 2,000 mg/kg (Rat)> 2,000 mg/kg (Rat)

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No Data Available

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

RCRA Class : D001: Reportable Quantity = 100 lbs. (Characteristic of ignitability) This classification applies only to the material as it was originally produced.



Disposal Method

: Subject to hazardous waste treatment, storage, and disposal requirements under RCRA. Recycle or incinerate waste at EPA approved facility or dispose of in compliance with federal, state and local regulations.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION / SHIPPING DATA

CFR / DOT:

Not Regulated

TDG:

Not Regulated

IMDG:

UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III

Further Information:

The above shipping description may not be accurate for all container sizes and all modes of transportation. Please refer to Bill of Lading.

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

North American Inventories:

All components are listed or exempt from the TSCA inventory. This product or its components are listed on, or exempt from the Canadian Domestic Substances List.

U.S. Federal Regulations:

SARA 313 Components	:	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene Cumene Xylene Ethylbenzene Styrene	95-63-6 98-82-8 1330-20-7 100-41-4 100-42-5
SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	Acute Health Hazard Fire Hazard	
OSHA Hazardous Components : 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene Cumene Xylene Ethylbenzene Styrene		95-63-6 108-67-8 98-82-8 1330-20-7 100-41-4 100-42-5	
OSHA Status: Considered hazardous based on the	:	Irritant	



following criteria:			
OSHA Flammability	:	П	
Regulatory VOC (less water and exempt solvent) VOC Method 310		: 712 g/l : 79.53 %	
U.S. State Regulations: MASS RTK Components	:	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene Cumene Xylene Styrene	95-63-6 108-67-8 98-82-8 1330-20-7 100-42-5
Penn RTK Components	:	Aromatic petroleum distillates 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene Styrene Ethylhexyl Acrylate Copolymer 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene Cumene Bis (2-propylheptyl) phthalate Xylene	64742-95-6 95-63-6 NJ TSRN# 51721300-5841P 108-67-8 98-82-8 53306-54-0 1330-20-7
NJ RTK Components	:	Aromatic petroleum distillates 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene Styrene Ethylhexyl Acrylate Copolymer 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene Diethylbenzene, Mixed Isomers Cumene Xylene	64742-95-6 95-63-6 NJ TSRN# 51721300-5841P 108-67-8 25340-17-4 98-82-8 1330-20-7

Components under California Proposition 65:

WARNING! Contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects and/or other reproductive harm

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS Rating :

Health	2
Flammability	2
Reactivity	0
PPE	
	1

0 = Minimum 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

Further information:

For Industrial Use Only. Keep out of Reach of Children. The hazard information herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to their own investigation of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition.



SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

DISCLAIMER

Masons Supply Company believes that the information on this SDS was obtained from reliable sources. However, the information is provided without any warranty, expressed or implied, regarding its correctness. Some information presented and conclusions drawn herein are from sources other than direct test data on the substance itself. The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use, and disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, **Masons Supply Company** does not assume any responsibility and expressly disclaims liability for loss, damage, or expense arising out of or in any way connected with handling, storage, use, or disposal of this product. If the product is used as a component in another product, this SDS information may not be applicable. Information is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of the SDS publication.

LEGEND

- ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Hygienists
- $\label{eq:cercla} \mbox{CERCLA-Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act}$
- DOT Department of Transportation
- DSL Domestic Substance List
- EPA Environmental Protection Agency
- HMIS Hazardous Materials Information System
- IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
- MSHA Mine Safety Health Administration
- NDSL Non-Domestic Substance List
- NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
- NTP National Toxicology Program
- OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act RTK - Right To Know SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit TLV - Threshold Limit Value TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act TWA - Time Weighted Average V - Volume VOC - Volatile Organic Compound WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System