

EUCOLASTIC 1NS - WHITE 30/10.1oz CS

Version 2.0 REVISION DATE: 10/23/2014 Print Date 10/25/2014

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Trade name	: EUCOLASTIC 1NS - WHITE 30/10.1oz CS
Product code	: 274A 95
COMPANY	: Euclid Chemical Company 19218 Redwood Road Cleveland, OH 44110
Telephone	: 1-800-321-7628
Emergency Phone	: U.S. only: 1-800-424-9300 International Users Call Collect: 1-703-527-3887
Product use	: Sealant

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

White. Non-sag gunnable paste. May cause nausea, headaches, and dizziness. May cause allergic respiratory sensitization. Leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further overexposure. If symptoms persist, get medical attention.

Acute Potential Health Effects/ Routes of Entry

Inhalation	:	May cause nausea, headaches, and dizziness. May cause allergic respiratory sensitization.
Eyes	:	Direct contact may cause mild irritation.
Ingestion	:	May cause irritation to the mouth, throat and stomach. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, and vomiting.
Skin	:	May cause sensitization resulting in irritation, itching and redness.

Aggravated Medical Conditions

Pre-existing eye, skin and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure.

Chronic Health Effects

Prolonged or repeated exposure to butyl benzyl phthalate may cause reduced body weights and adverse effects on the liver, kidney, spleen, pancreas, and reproductive organs. Organosilane may cause liver injury with fibrosis after repeated and prolonged overexposure. Fillers are encapsulated and not expected to be released from product under normal conditions of use. **Target Organs:** Skin, Eye, Lung

Target Organs. Skin, Eye, Lung

SECTION 3 - PRODUCT COMPOSITION

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight %
Calcium carbonate	471-34-1	30.0 - 60.0
Polyurethane Polymer	NJ TSRN# 51721300-5401P	15.0 - 40.0
Butyl benzyl phthalate	85-68-7	10.0 - 30.0

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Calcium Carbonate (Limestone Diisodecyl phthalate Titanium dioxide Calcium oxide Hydrotreated heavy naphthenic distillate Aluminum oxide	26761-40-0 13463-67-7 1305-78-8	7.0 - 13.0 3.0 - 7.0 1.0 - 5.0 1.0 - 5.0 0.1 - 1.0 0.1 - 1.0
ECTION 4 - FIRST AID M	EASURES	
	tion for any significant overexpos	
	eave area to breathe fresh air. Av edical attention.	void further overexposure. If symptoms persist, get
Eye contact : FI	ush with water for 15 minutes. If	irritation persists, get medical attention.
	lean area of contact thoroughly u sorders develop, get medical atte	using soap and water. If irritation, rash or other ention immediately.
Induction . D	a nat induce vemiting unless adv	dead by a physician. Call passes of Deisan Control
C	enter or Physician immediately.	vised by a physician. Call nearest Poison Control
	enter or Physician immediately.	rised by a physician. Call hearest Polson Control
C	enter or Physician immediately.	nsed by a physician. Call hearest Poison Control
Co ECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTIN Flash point	enter or Physician immediately. NG MEASURES : Not available.	nsed by a physician. Call hearest Poison Control
Co ECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTIN Flash point Method	enter or Physician immediately. NG MEASURES Not available. Not available.	
Co ECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTIN Flash point Method Burning rate	enter or Physician immediately. NG MEASURES	
Co ECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTIN Flash point Method Burning rate Lower explosion limit	enter or Physician immediately. NG MEASURES Not available. Not available. Non-flammable solid Not available.	
Control Contro	Image: Second system	e, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam.
ECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTIN Flash point Method Burning rate Lower explosion limit Upper explosion limit Autoignition temperature	Image: state of the second state of	e, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. I carbon dioxide can form.Hydrocyanic acid and
ECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTIN Flash point Method Burning rate Lower explosion limit Upper explosion limit Autoignition temperature Extinguishing media Hazardous combustion	enter or Physician immediately. NG MEASURES Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. If water fog is ineffective Carbon monoxide and nitrogen oxides can fo Use accepted fire fight	e, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. I carbon dioxide can form.Hydrocyanic acid and
ECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTIN Flash point Method Burning rate Lower explosion limit Upper explosion limit Autoignition temperature Extinguishing media Hazardous combustion products Protective equipment for	 enter or Physician immediately. NG MEASURES Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. If water fog is ineffective Carbon monoxide and nitrogen oxides can fo Use accepted fire fight clothing, including self 	e, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. I carbon dioxide can form.Hydrocyanic acid and orm. ting techniques. Wear full firefighting protective
ECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTIN Flash point Method Burning rate Lower explosion limit Upper explosion limit Autoignition temperature Extinguishing media Hazardous combustion products Protective equipment for firefighters ECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL	Image: Not available. Image: Not available. <td< td=""><td>e, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. I carbon dioxide can form.Hydrocyanic acid and orm. ting techniques. Wear full firefighting protective</td></td<>	e, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. I carbon dioxide can form.Hydrocyanic acid and orm. ting techniques. Wear full firefighting protective
ECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTIN Flash point Method Burning rate Lower explosion limit Upper explosion limit Autoignition temperature Extinguishing media Hazardous combustion products Protective equipment for firefighters ECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAI Use appropriate protective e	enter or Physician immediately. NG MEASURES Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. If water fog is ineffective Carbon monoxide and nitrogen oxides can fo Use accepted fire fight clothing, including self L RELEASE MEASURES quipment. Avoid contact with ma	e, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. I carbon dioxide can form.Hydrocyanic acid and orm. ting techniques. Wear full firefighting protective f-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
ECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTIN Flash point Method Burning rate Lower explosion limit Upper explosion limit Autoignition temperature Extinguishing media Hazardous combustion products Protective equipment for firefighters ECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL Use appropriate protective e container for disposal. ECTION 7 - HANDLING A	enter or Physician immediately. NG MEASURES : Not available. : Not available. : Non-flammable solid : Not available. : Use accepted fire fight clothing, including self L RELEASE MEASURES quipment. Avoid contact with ma Ingestion, and contact with skin e	e, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. d carbon dioxide can form.Hydrocyanic acid and orm. ting techniques. Wear full firefighting protective f-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). tetrial. Scrape up and transfer to appropriate eyes and clothing. Keep container closed when not store or use near food. Store under dry



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SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protection equip	nent	
Respiratory protection	: Wear appropriate, properly fitted NIOSH/MSHA approved organic vapor supplied air respirator when airborne contaminant level(s) are expected t exceed exposure limits indicated on the MSDS. Follow manufacturer's directions for respirator use.	
Hand protection	: Wear impervious gloves, such as nitrile or neoprene and suitable protect apparel	ive
Eye protection	: Wear appropriate eye protection.Use safety glasses if eye contact is like	ly.
Protective measures	: Use professional judgment in the selection, care, and use.	
Engineering measures	: Use general ventilation and/ or local exhaust to reduce the airborne contaminant concentration below the exposure limit listed in the MSDS	

Exposure Limits

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Regulation	<u>Limit</u>	<u>Form</u>
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	OSHA PEL:	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
(Limestone)		OSHA PEL:	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		ACGIH TWA:	3 mg/m3	Respirable particles.
		ACGIH TWA:	10 mg/m3	Inhalable particles.
		OSHA TWA:	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		OSHA TWA:	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	ACGIH TWA:	10 mg/m3	
		OSHA PEL:	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		OSHA TWA:	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		OSHA TWA:	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Calcium oxide	1305-78-8	ACGIH TWA:	2 mg/m3	
		OSHA PEL:	5 mg/m3	
		OSHA TWA:	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		OSHA TWA:	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Hydrotreated heavy	64742-52-5	OSHA PEL:	2,000 mg/m3	
naphthenic distillate		OSHA PEL:	5 mg/m3	Mist.
		ACGIH TWA:	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Aluminum oxide	1344-28-1	ACGIH TWA:	10 mg/m3	
		OSHA PEL:	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		OSHA PEL:	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		OSHA TWA:	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		OSHA TWA:	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		ACGIH TWA:	1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.



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SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

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Form	: Non-sag gunnable paste
Color	: White
Odor	: Slight Ester
рН	: Not available.
Vapour pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Heavier than air
Melting point/range	: Not available.
Freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point/range	: Not available.
Water solubility	: Insoluble
Specific Gravity	: 1.537
% Volatile Weight	: 0.3 %

SECTION 10 - REACTIVITY / STABILITY

Substances to avoid: Amines.Water or moisture.Alcohols.Strong acids.Strong bases.Stability: StableHazardous polymerization: Will not occur.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Calcium carbonate, CAS-No.: 471-34-1 Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral)	6,450 mg/kg (Rat)
Butyl benzyl phthalate, CAS-No.: 85-68-7 Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral)	13,500 mg/kg (Rat)
Titanium dioxide, CAS-No.: 13463-67-7	
Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral)	25,000 mg/kg (Rat)5,000 mg/kg (Rat)5,000 mg/kg (Rat)2,000 mg/kg (Rat)11,000 mg/kg (Rat)
Acute inhalation toxicity (LC-50)	> 6.82 mg/l for 4 h (Rat)3.43 mg/l for 4 h (Rat)5.09 mg/l for 4 h (Rat)> 2.28 mg/l for 4 h (Rat)> 3.56 mg/l for 4 h (Rat)



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SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No Data Available

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Method : Waste not regulated under RCRA. Dispose of in compliance with state and local regulations.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION / SHIPPING DATA

CFR / DOT:

Not Regulated

TDG:

Not Regulated

IMDG:

UN3077, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Butyl Benzyl Phthalate), 9, PG III, MARINE POLLUTANT

Further Information:

The above shipping description may not be accurate for all container sizes and all modes of transportation. Please refer to Bill of Lading.

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

North American Inventories:

This product or its components are listed on, or exempt from the Canadian Domestic Substances List. All components are listed or exempt from the TSCA inventory.

An RPIT Company	5/7	274A 95
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	
Diisodecyl phthalate	26761-40-0	
Calcium Carbonate (Limestone)	1317-65-3	
Butyl benzyl phthalate	85-68-7	
OSHA Hazardous Components :		
	Chronic Health Hazard	
SARA 311/312 Hazards	Acute Health Hazard	
U.S. Federal Regulations: SARA 313 Components	None present or none present in regulated quantities.	



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EUCULASTIC TINS - WHI		30/10.102 C3	
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Calcium oxide Hydrotreated heavy naphthenic o Aluminum oxide	dist	1305-78-8 illate 64742-52-5 1344-28-1	
OSHA Status: Considered hazardous based on the following criteria:	:	Irritant Carcinogen	
OSHA Flammability	:	Not Regulated	
Regulatory VOC (less water and exempt solvent) VOC Method 310		: 6 g/l : 0.38 %	
Chemical is listed as an IARC, N Hydrotreated heavy naphthenic o			
U.S. State Regulations: MASS RTK Components	:	Calcium carbonate Butyl benzyl phthalate Calcium Carbonate (Limestone) Titanium dioxide Calcium oxide Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand Isophorone Diisocyanate Ethyl Acrylate Ammonia	471-34-1 85-68-7 1317-65-3 13463-67-7 1305-78-8 14808-60-7 4098-71-9 140-88-5 7664-41-7
Penn RTK Components	:	Calcium carbonate Polyurethane Polymer Butyl benzyl phthalate Calcium Carbonate (Limestone) Diisodecyl phthalate Titanium dioxide Calcium oxide	471-34-1 NJ TSRN# 51721300-5401P 85-68-7 1317-65-3 26761-40-0 13463-67-7 1305-78-8
NJ RTK Components	:	Calcium carbonate Polyurethane Polymer Butyl benzyl phthalate Calcium Carbonate (Limestone) Diisodecyl phthalate Titanium dioxide Calcium oxide Hydrotreated heavy naphthenic distillate	471-34-1 NJ TSRN# 51721300-5401P 85-68-7 1317-65-3 26761-40-0 13463-67-7 1305-78-8 64742-52-5
Components under California Pro WARNING! Contains chemicals reproductive harm		sition 65: own to the State of California to cause c	ancer, birth defects and/or other

DSL - Domestic Substance List EPA - Environmental Protection Agency HMIS - Hazardous Materials Information System IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer MSHA - Mine Safety Health Administration NDSL - Non-Domestic Substance List NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NTP - National Toxicology Program OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

Prepared by: Rich Mikol Legend ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Hygienists Liability Act

Further information:

For Industrial Use Only. Keep out of Reach of Children. The hazard information herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to their own investigation of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition.

CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and DOT - Department of Transportation

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RTK - Right To Know SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit TLV - Threshold Limit Value TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act TWA - Time Weighted Average V - Volume VOC - Volatile Organic Compound WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

3 =Serious 4 = Severe

7/7

0 = Minimum

2 = Moderate

1 = Slight

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SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

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HMIS Rating :

Flammability

Reactivity

Health

PPE

Material Safety Data Sheet

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